### Algebra Election ....

**Strands** Operations and Computation; Patterns, Functions, and Algebra **Skill** Practice solving problems involving variables

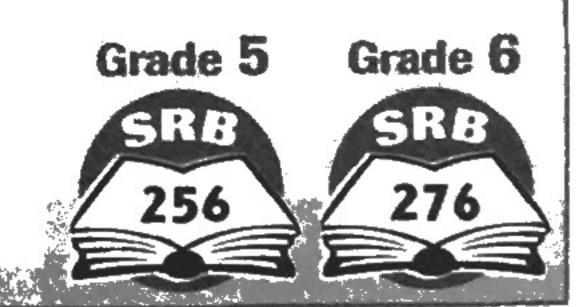
### Games Kit Materials (per group)

- Algebra Election Gameboard (or Game Masters 6 and 7)
- For Grade 5: 32 First to 100 Problem Cards (or Game Masters 8 and 9)
- For Grade 6: 32 *Algebra Election* Problem Cards (or Game Masters 10 and 11)
- 1 die
- 4 counters

### Additional Materials (per group)

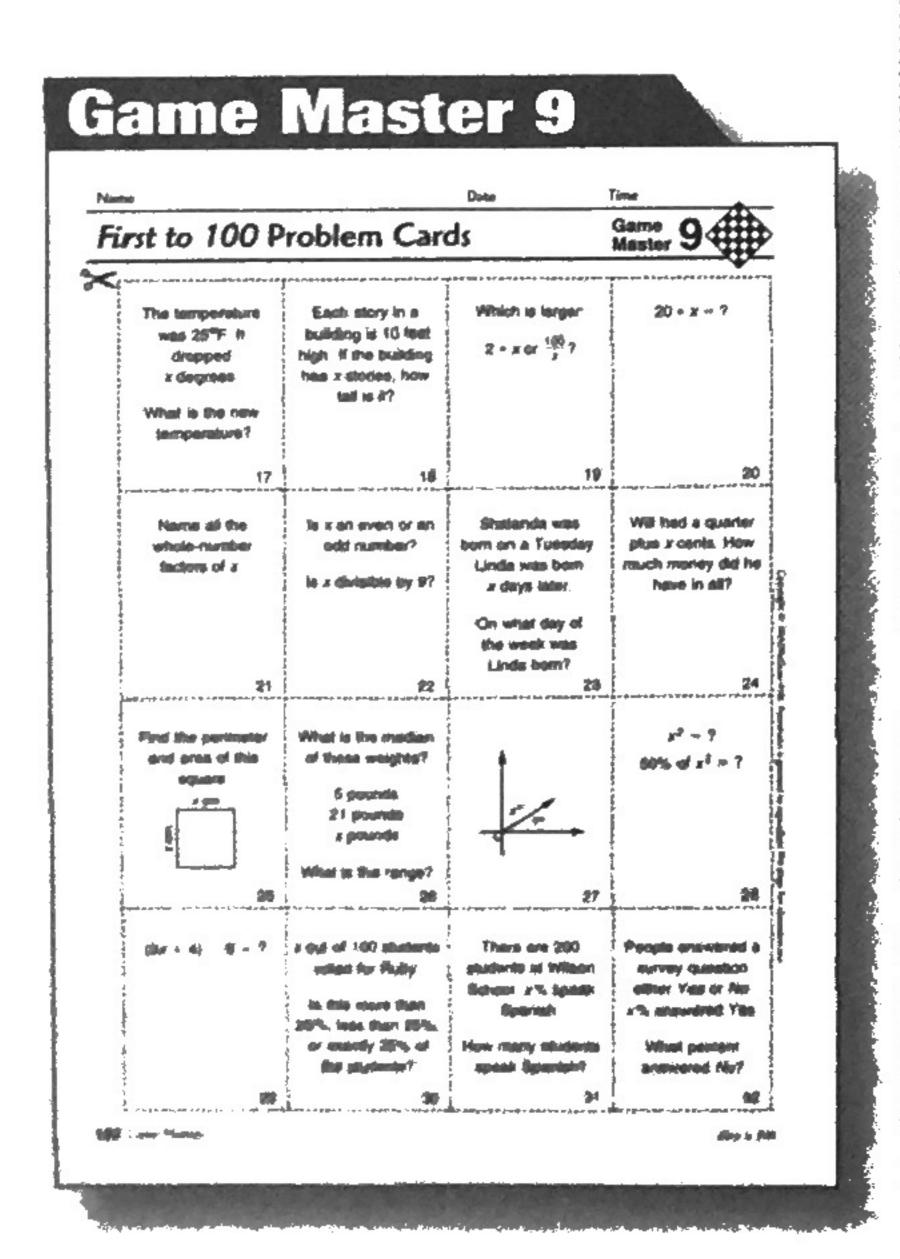
- 1 calculator
- 2 pieces of paper

Players 2 teams, each with 2 players



Object of the game To be the first team to collect 270 or more electoral votes and win the election.

# 



### Directions

- 1. Each player puts a counter on Iowa on the map of the United States.
- 2. One member of each team rolls the die. The team with the higher number goes first.
- 3. Players alternate turns between teams and partners: Team 1, Player 1; Team 2, Player 1; Team 1, Player 2; Team 2, Player 2.
- 4. One player shuffles the Problem Cards and places them facedown on the gameboard.
- 5. The first player rolls the die. The result tells how many moves the player must make from the current state. Each new state counts as one move. Moves can be in any direction as long as they pass between states that share a common border. *Exceptions:* Players can get to and from Alaska by way of Washington state and to and from Hawaii by way of California. Once a player has been in a state, he or she may not return to that state on the same turn.
- **6.** The player makes the indicated number of moves and puts the counter on the last state moved to. The map shows how many electoral votes the state has.
- 7. The player takes the top Problem Card and substitutes the state's number of electoral votes for the variable *x* in the problem(s) on the card. The player solves the problem(s) and offers an answer. The other team checks the answer with a calculator.
- 8. If the answer is correct, the player's team wins the state's electoral votes. They do the following:
  - Write the state's name and its electoral votes on a piece of scratch paper.
  - Write their first initials in pencil on the state to show that they have won it.

Once a state is won, it is out of play. The opposing team members may land on the state, but they cannot get its votes.

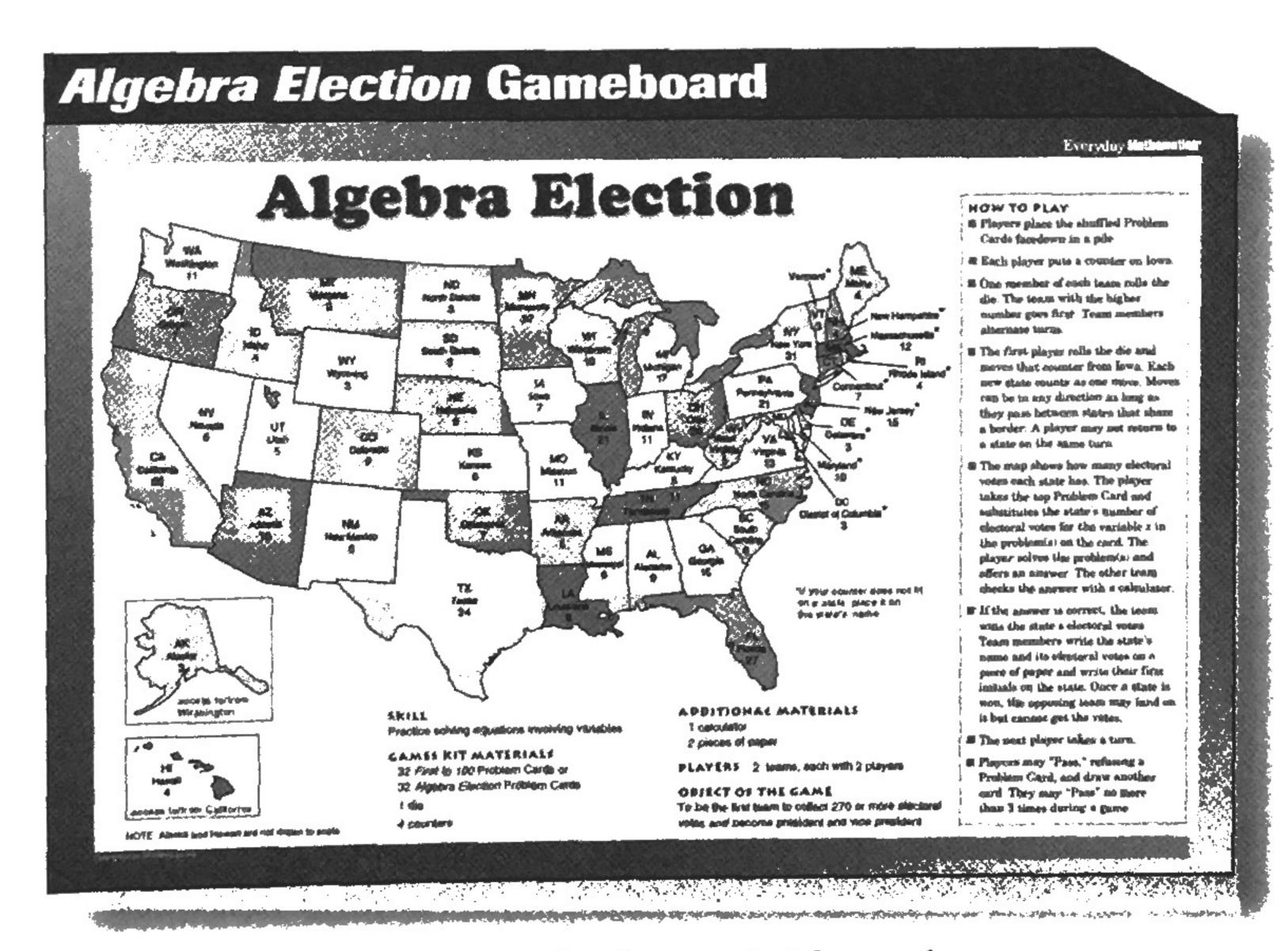
- 9. If the player did not solve the problem(s) correctly, the state remains open. Players may still try to win its votes.
- 10. The next player rolls the die and moves his or her counter as described above.
- 11. The first team to get at least 270 votes wins the election and becomes President and Vice President.
- 12. When all the Problem Cards have been used, players shuffle the deck and use it again.
- 13. Each player begins a turn from the last state he or she landed on.

### Notes

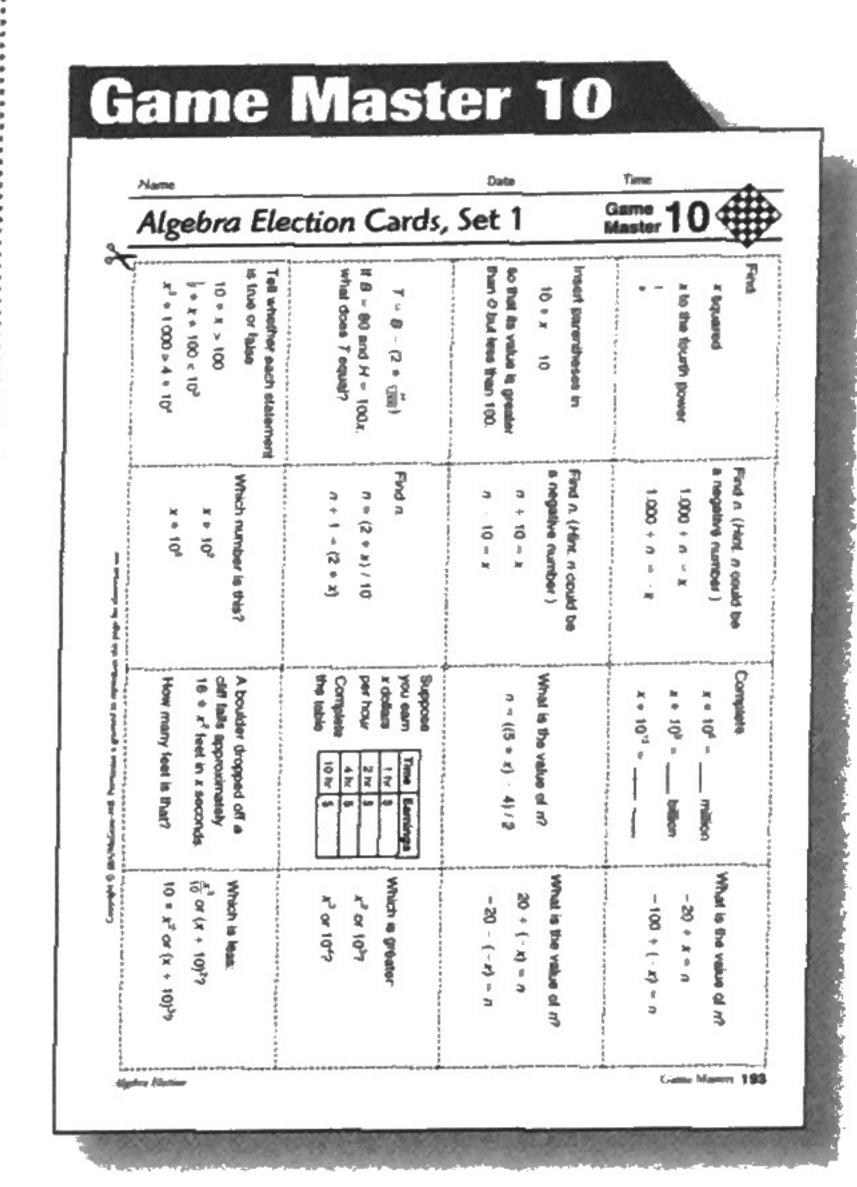
- "A state" means "a state or the District of Columbia (D.C.)."
- Partners may discuss the problem with one another. Each player, however, has to answer the problem(s) on his or her own.
- If a player does not want to answer a particular Problem Card, he or she may say "Pass" and draw another card. A player may pass 3 times during a game.
- If a Problem Card contains several problems, a player must answer all the questions correctly to win a state's votes.
- Suggested strategy: A player looks at the map to see which states have the most votes, and then works with his or her partner to win those states as quickly as they can.

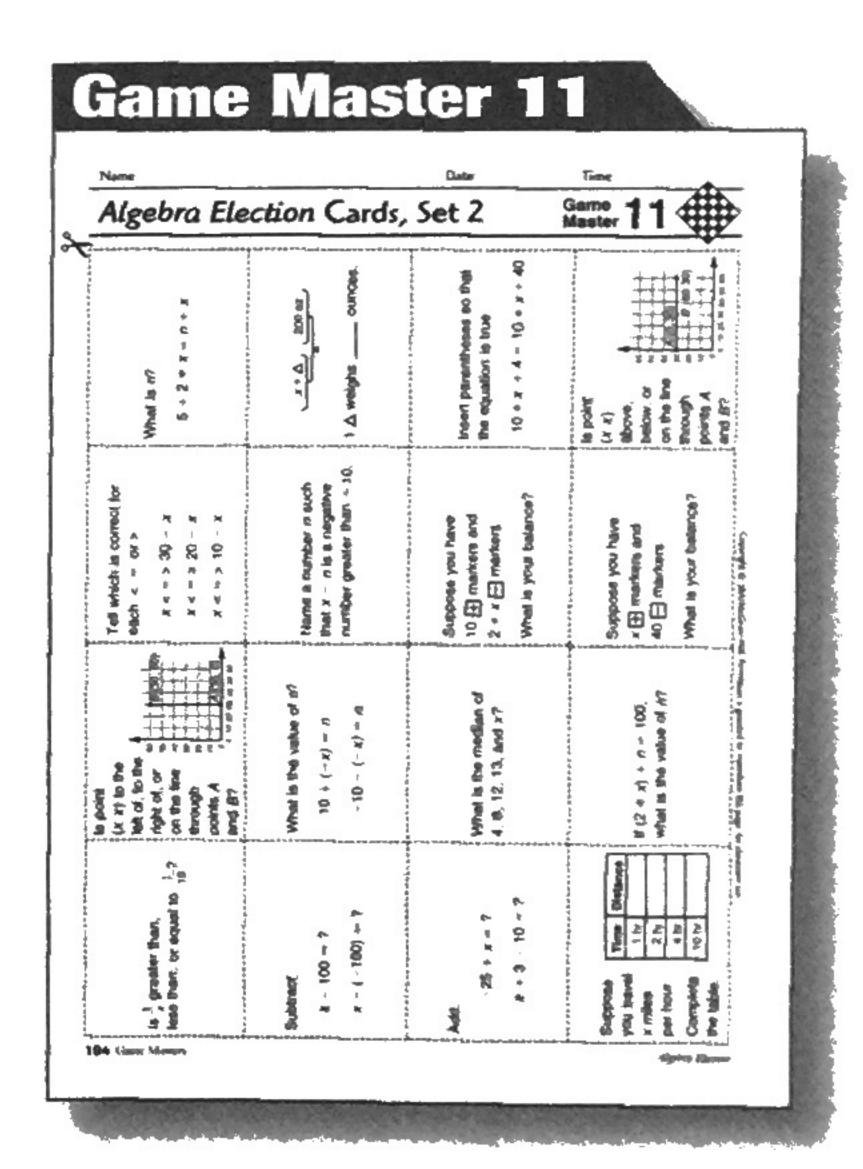
### Variations

- Players agree on a time limit for answering problems.
- A team can receive 1 extra point if the player can name the capital of the state landed on.
- A shorter version of the game can be played by going through all 32 cards just once. The team with the most votes at that time is the winner.



The Electoral Vote Map can also be created by taping Game Masters 6 and 7 together.





# Algebra Election Gameboard

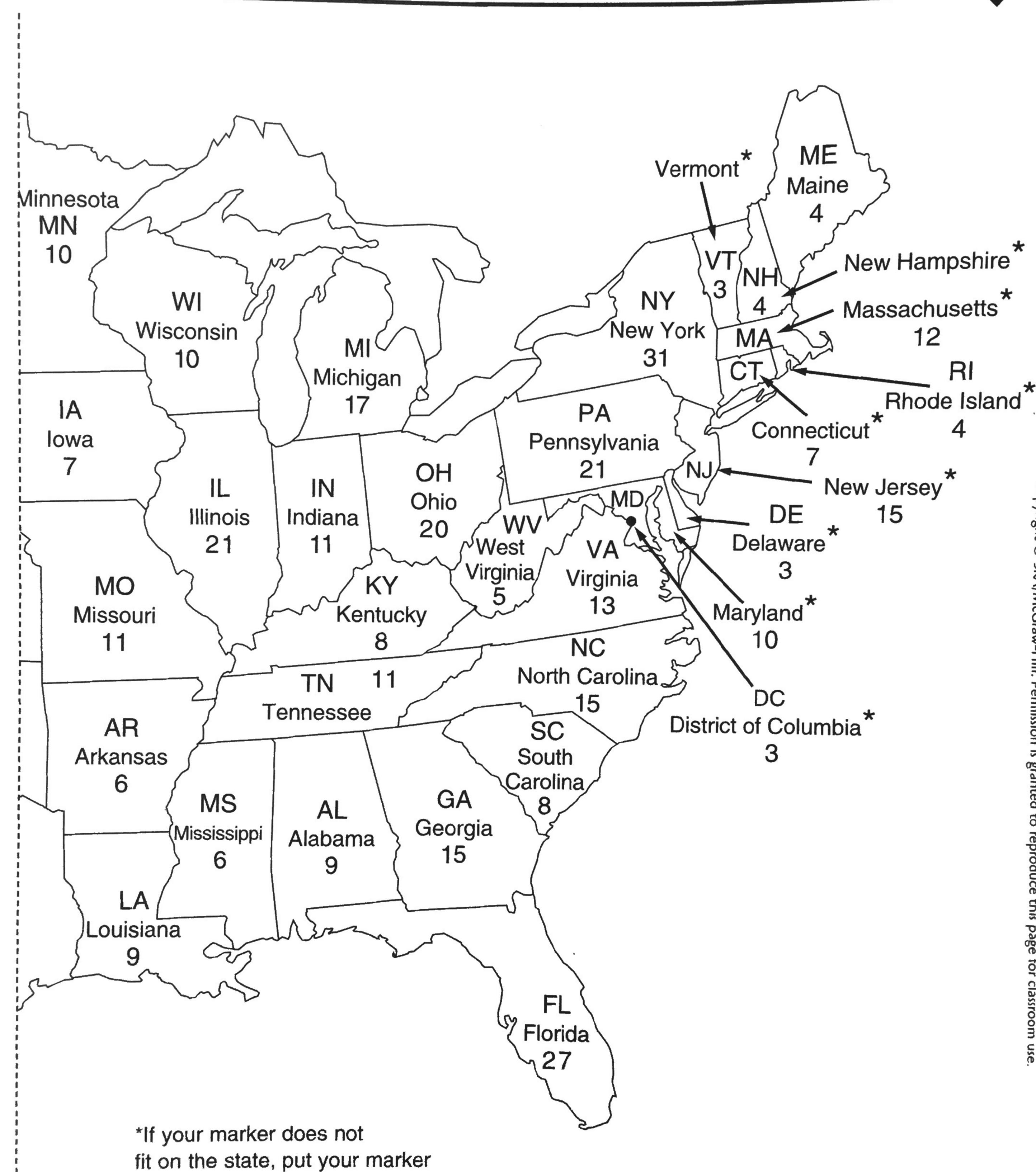


Algebra Election

# Algebra Election Gameboard (cont.)

on the state's name.

Game 7 Waster



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## First to 100 Problem Cards

Game 8 Master 8

3	
į	How many inch
i	are there in x fe

How many inches How many inches retreated there in x feet?

How many centimeters are there in *x* meters?

How many quarts are there in *x* gallons?

What is the smallest number of x's you can add to get a sum greater than 100?

than 1,000?

Is  $\frac{x}{10}$  less than 1?

Is 50 \* x greater

 $\frac{1}{2}$  of x = ?

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of  $x = ?$ 

1 - x = ?

$$x + 998 = ?$$

If x people share
1,000 stamps
equally, how many
stamps will each
person get?

What time will it be x minutes from now?

What time was it x minutes ago?

It is 102 miles to your destination.
You have gone x miles. How many miles are left?

What whole or mixed number equals *x* divided by 2?

Is x a prime or a composite number?

Is x divisible by 2?

The time is 11:05 а.м. The train left *x* minutes ago.

What time did the train leave?

9

13

Which is larger:

$$2 * x \text{ or } x + 50$$
?

There are x rows of seats. There are 9 seats in each row.

How many seats are there in all?

15

Sargon spent x cents on apples. If she paid with a \$5 bill, how much change should she get?

In what year was Freddy born?

Bill was born in 1939.

Freddy was born

the same day, but

x years later.

14

10

16

## First to 100 Problem Cards

Game 9 With Master

The temperature was 25°F. It dropped x degrees.

What is the new temperature?

Name all the

whole-number

factors of x.

Each story in a building is 10 feet high. If the building has *x* stories, how tall is it?

Which is larger:

$$2 * x \text{ or } \frac{100}{x}$$
?

20 \* x = ?

1

18

22

26

Is x an even or an odd number?

Is x divisible by 9?

Shalanda was born on a Tuesday.
Linda was born x days later.

19

23

27

31

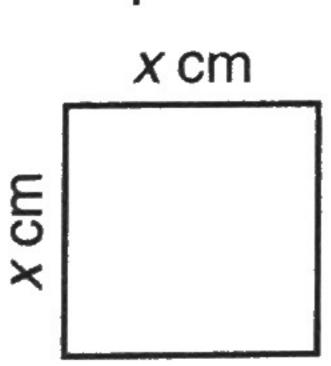
On what day of the week was Linda born?

Will had a quarter plus x cents. How much money did he have in all?

20

24

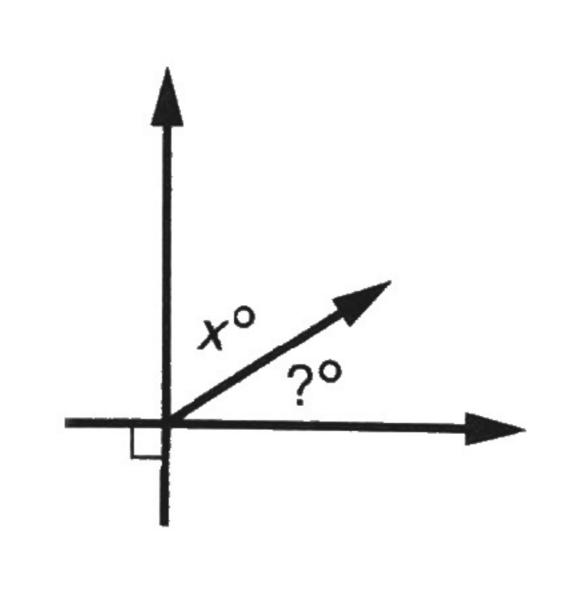
Find the perimeter and area of this square.



What is the median of these weights?

5 pounds
21 pounds
x pounds

What is the range?



 $50\% \text{ of } x^2 = ?$ 

 $x^2 = ?$ 

25

(3x + 4) - 8 = ?

x out of 100 students voted for Ruby.

Is this more than 25%, less than 25%, or exactly 25% of the students?

There are 200 students at Wilson School. x% speak Spanish.

How many students speak Spanish?

People answered a survey question either *Yes* or *No.* x% answered Yes.

What percent answered No?

29

30

32

28

# Algebra Election Cards, Set 1

2

<u>ol</u>

= (2 \* x) / 10

per hour.

1 = (2 \* x)

the table.

Complete

Time

### Game Master

1		
- 1		$\times$
- 1	$\times$ $ $ $\rightarrow$	
1		
I		ð
1		
1		the
1		ب
1		æ
1		
		<u></u>
1		0
F		
1		=
I		fourth
F		$\rightarrow$
200		

eater 100.

+ 10 = x

$$1 - 10 = x$$

a negative number.)

What is the value of n?

$$0 + n = x$$

1012

What is th

$$O - (-x) = n$$

4) / 2

$$n = (x - 0)$$

Which is greater:

you earn

x dollars

Suppose

Which is less 
$$\frac{x^3}{10}$$
 or  $(x + 10)$ 

$$* x^2 \text{ or } (x + 10)^3$$
?

105

Which number is this?

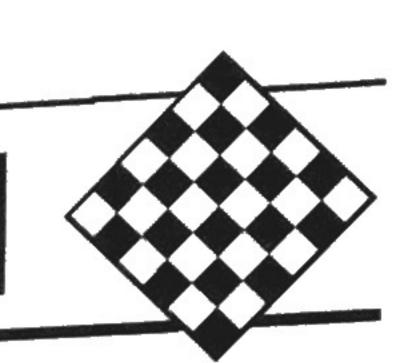
cliff falls approximately A boulder dropped off a x² feet in x seconds.

How many feet is that?

Vhat is

# Algebra Election Cards, Set 2

Game Master



What is

Tell which is correct for

=, or >.

each: <,

$$5 + 2 * x = n$$

×

> 10

×

> 20

20

through

10

30

30

$$x + \triangle$$

$$x + \triangle$$

Name a number n such

n is a negative

that x -

number greater than

100)

# Insert parent

$$10 * x + 4 = 10 * x + \dot{x}$$

the equ

10 + markers and

\* x = markers.

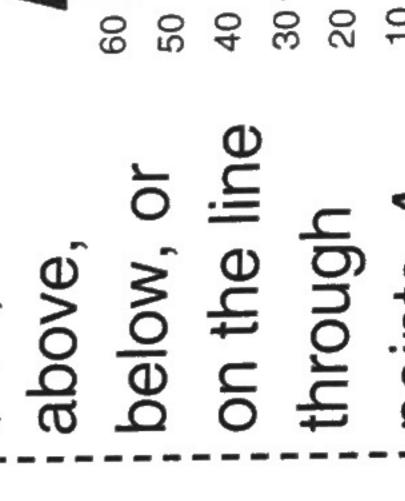
and x?

C-

Suppose you have

$$10 * x + 4 = 10 * x + 4$$

What is your balance?

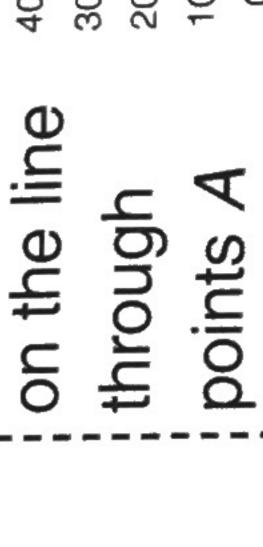


# ls point (x,x)

Suppose you have

x + markers and

40 – markers.



# What is your balance?

# B? and

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Complete

þ

2

per hou

x miles

4 hr